Central Bureau for Astronomical Telegrams INTERNATIONAL ASTRONOMICAL UNION

Mailstop 18, Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory, Cambridge, MA 02138, U.S.A. IAUSUBS@CFA.HARVARD.EDU or FAX 617-495-7231 (subscriptions)
CBAT@CFA.HARVARD.EDU (science)
URL http://www.cfa.harvard.edu/iau/cbat.html ISSN 0081-0304
Phone 617-495-7440/7244/7444 (for emergency use only)

COMET P/2009 R2 (PIGOTT-LINEAR-KOWALSKI)

Further to IAUC 9072, elements by B. G. Marsden for epoch 2003:

On $IAUC\,8044$, the suggestion was made that P/2003 A1 = 1783 W1, although it was not possible unequivocally to demonstrate this at the time. Running the above orbit back to 1783 (closest approach to Jupiter 0.19 AU in 1971) yields

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Epoch = 1783 Nov. 10.0 TT 

T = 1783 Nov. 23.1803 TT \omega = 354.0531

e = 0.578766 \Omega = 58.5969

q = 1.458960 AU i = 45.7727 a = 3.463539 AU a = 0.1529058 a = 6.45 years
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This result compares very favorably with the orbit by C. H. F. Peters (1860, Brünnow's Astron. Notes, No. 19), notably with T, q, and Ω agreeing to 2.275 days, 0.0003 AU, and 0°08, respectively. Although the quality of the observations is poor, the above orbit by Marsden satisfies fourteen of them made during 1783 Nov. 22–Dec. 4 to within < 10' in each coordinate, provided that T is corrected to 1783 Nov. 19.59.

COMET 88P/HOWELL

J. Crovisier, P. Colom, N. Biver, and D. Bockelée-Morvan, LESIA, Observatoire de Paris, report that observations of the 18-cm lines of OH in comet 88P/Howell with the Nançay radio telescope show an increase in the average OH-production rate from $1.0\pm0.2\times10^{28}$ molecules/s during Aug. 1–13 to $4.3\pm0.5\times10^{28}$ molecules/s during Aug. 28–Sept. 3.

COMETS 223P/SKIFF, 224P/LINEAR-NEAT, 225P/LINEAR

Comet P/2009 L18 = 2002 S1 (cf. IAUC 9066) has been assigned the permanent number 223P. Comet P/2009 Q2 = 2003 XD₁₀ (cf. IAUC 9068) has been assigned the permanent number 224P. Comet P/2009 Q3 = 2002 T1 (cf. IAUC 9068) has been assigned the permanent number 225P. (See also MPC 66864).